

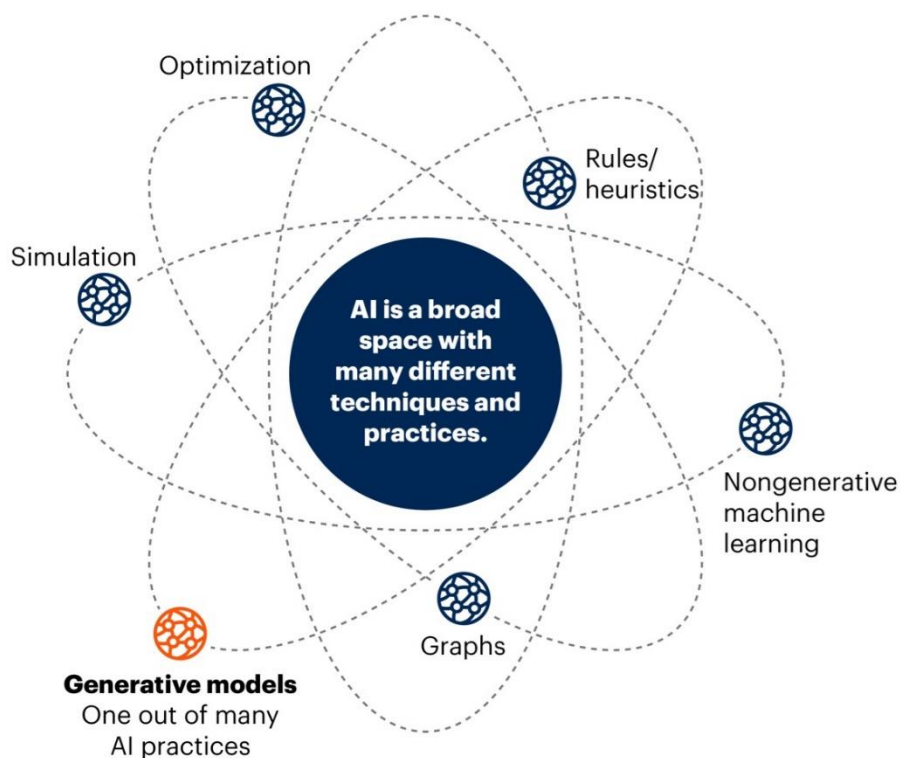
Challenge January 2025

Christmas Word Search

A solution with IBM watsonx AI Llama and watsonx code assistant by Alex Fleischer afleischer@fr.ibm.com

After solving this puzzle a few days ago with optimization (which is a fundamental AI technique as Gartner wrote) , I gave it a try with IBM watsonx generative AI platform and watsonx code assistant

AI Does Not Revolve Around GenAI

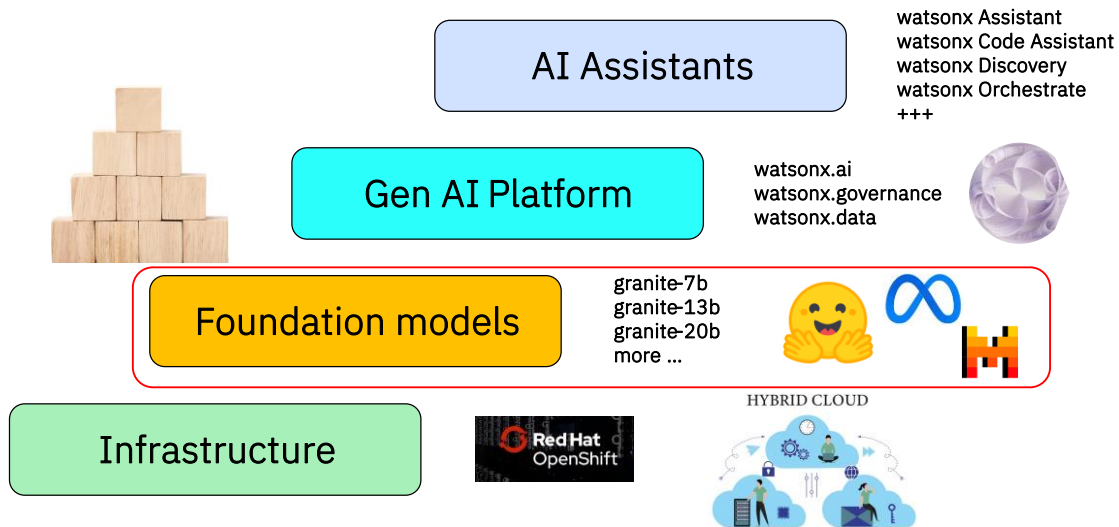


Source: Gartner
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Gartner

Watsonx.AI is IBM Generative AI platform and watsonx code assistant is IBM code AI Assistant.
("Code smarter not harder")

The generative AI Stack



In 3 steps , 3 prompts and NOT A SINGLE LINE OF CODE, I was able to count “XMAS”.

Prompt1 in watsonx.ai llama3

Out of the 10 times 10 matrix

"MMMSXXMASMMSAMXMSMSAAMXSXMAAMMMSAMASMSMX
XMASAMXAMMXXAMMXXAMASMSMSASXSSSAXAMASAAAMA
MMMXXXXMMXMXAXMASX"

write a python program which generates a list of strings with all the
10 rows, all the 10 columns,
the 19 main diagonals and the 19 secondary diagonals

Prompt2 in watsonx code assistant in VSCode

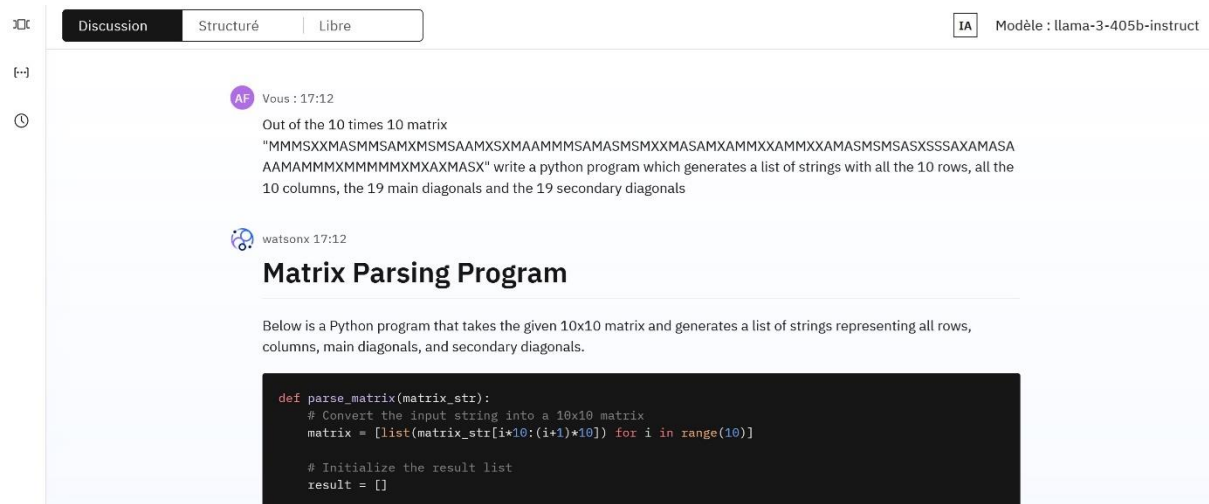
result is a list of strings , write python code to append to result all
the reversed strings out of the ones already in result

Prompt3 in watsonx code assistant in VSCode

"result" is a list of strings, write a python program
that counts how many times we can read "XMAS" in those strings

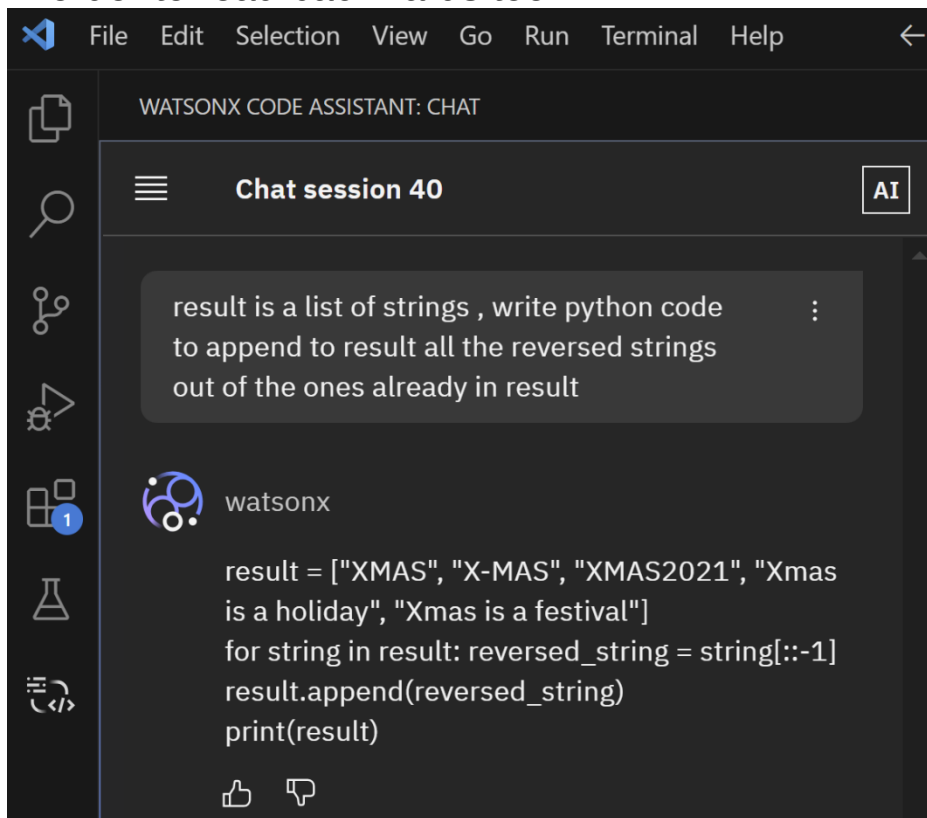
Let's review 3 steps with more details:

Step 1: Use llama3 from Meta within watsonx.ai through a discussion

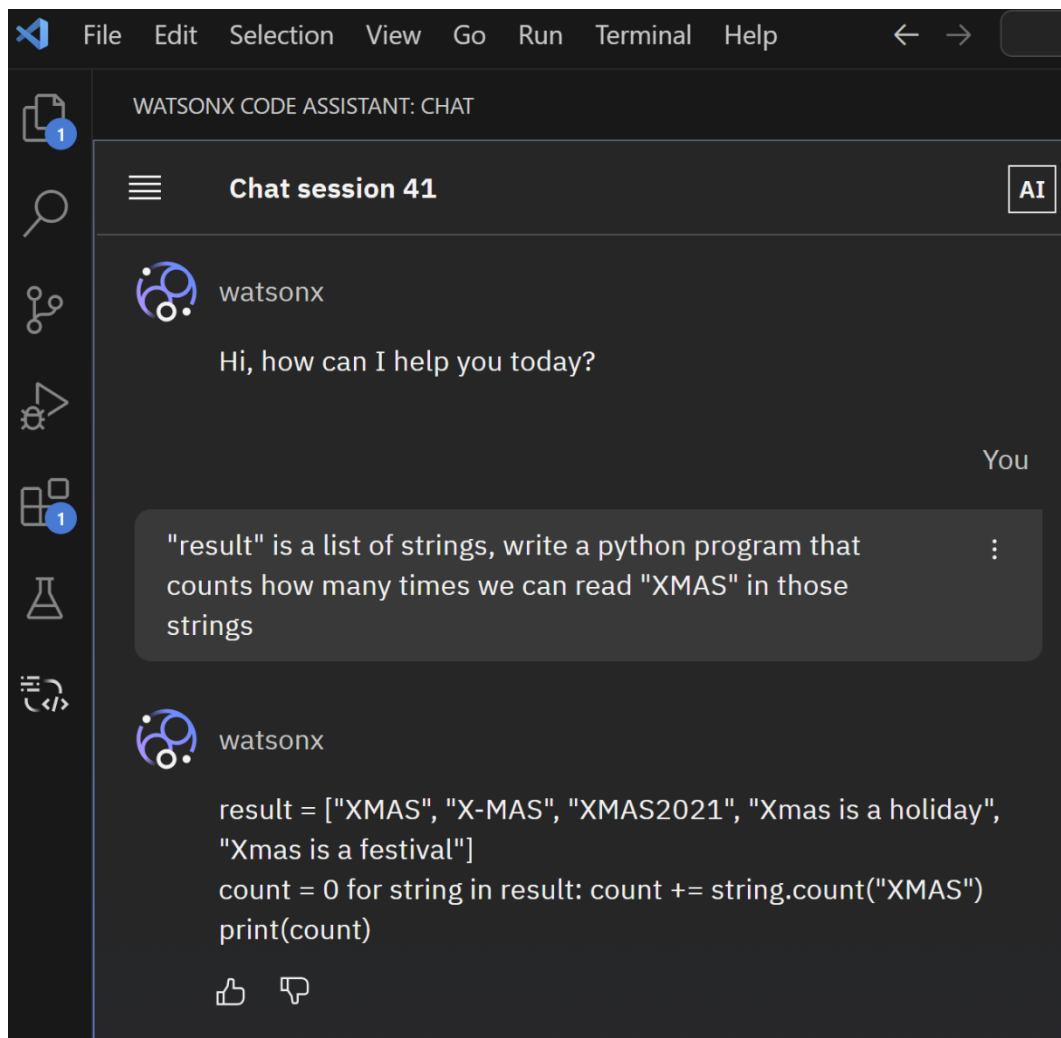


Copy the python code to VSCode

Step 2: Use IBM watsonx code assistant within Microsoft VSCode in order to read backwards too.



Step 3: Use IBM watsonx code assistant within Microsoft VSCode in order to count how many "XMAS" we have.



So in a nutshell I wrote 3 prompts and no code. Here is the python code with the 3 prompts:

```
"""
```

With llama 405 B in watsonx ai I used

Out of the 10 times 10 matrix

```
"MMMSXXMASMMSAMXMSMSAAMXSXMAAMMMSAMASMSMX  
XMASAMXAMMXXAMMXXAMASMSMSASXSSSAXAMASAAAMA  
MMMXMMMMMMXMXXMASX"
```

write a python program which generates a list of strings with all the 10 rows, all the 10 columns, the 19 main diagonals and the 19 secondary diagonals

.....

```
def parse_matrix(matrix_str):
    # Convert the input string into a 10x10 matrix
    matrix = [list(matrix_str[i*10:(i+1)*10]) for i in range(10)]

    # Initialize the result list
    result = []

    # Rows
    for row in matrix:
        result.append("".join(row))

    # Columns
    for col_idx in range(10):
        result.append("".join([row[col_idx] for row in matrix]))

    # Main Diagonals
    for k in range(-9, 10):
        diagonal = []
        for i in range(10):
            j = i + k
            if 0 <= j < 10:
                diagonal.append(matrix[i][j])
        result.append("".join(diagonal))

    # Secondary Diagonals
    for k in range(-9, 10):
        diagonal = []
        for i in range(10):
            j = 9 - i + k
            if 0 <= j < 10:
                diagonal.append(matrix[i][j])
        result.append("".join(diagonal))

    return result
```

```

matrix_str =
"MMMSXXMASMMSAMXMSMSAAMXSXMAAMMMSAMASMSMX
XMASAMXAMMXXAMMXXAMASMSMSASXSSSAXAMASAAAMA
MMMXMMMMMMXMXAXMASX"
result = parse_matrix(matrix_str)
for string in result:
    print(string)

```

```

"""

```

result is a list of strings , write python code to append to result all the reversed strings out of the ones already in result

```

"""

```

```

# Assisted by watsonx Code Assistant
#result = ["hello", "world", "IBM", "watsonx"]

# Create a list of reversed strings
reversed_strings = [string[::-1] for string in result]

# Append the reversed strings to the list "result"
result.extend(reversed_strings)

# Print the list "result"
print(result)

```

```

"""

```

"result" is a list of strings, write a python program that counts how many times we can read "XMAS" in those strings

```

"""

```

```

# Assisted by watsonx Code Assistant

#result = ["XMAS", "X-MAS", "XMAS2021", "Xmas is a holiday",
"Xmas is a festival"]

count = 0
for string in result:
    count += string.count("XMAS")

```

```
print(count)
```

```
.....
```

which gives

18

```
.....
```

